

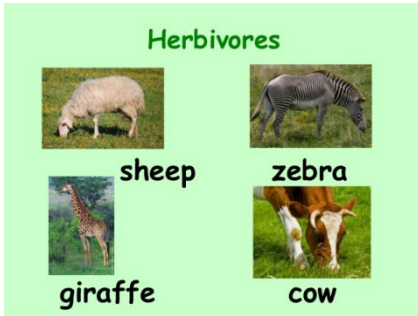


KS1 Animals including humans (Year 1)

Prior Learning: An animal is a living organism that feeds on organic matter

P.O.S – Animals including humans

Concept – biology – cell development

Facts	Vocabulary
<p>1. Classification of animals:</p> <p>a) Fish- trout, salmon, cod, plaice</p> <p>b) Amphibians- frog, newt, toad</p> <p>c) Reptiles- lizard, snake, turtle</p> <p>d) Birds- sparrow, blackbird, robin</p> <p>e) Mammals- human, dog, rat, bear</p>	<p>1. Amphibian - from Greek amphibion (noun use of amphibios 'living both in water and on land', from amphi 'both' + bios 'life').</p>
<p>2. Structure of different animals:</p> <p>a) Fish – have a backbone, gills and fins</p> <p>b) Amphibians – have moist, scaleless skin that absorbs water and oxygen</p> <p>c) Reptiles – have tough scales and efficient lungs for breathing air.</p> <p>d) Birds - have a light skeletal system and muscles to help it fly.</p> <p>e) Mammals – have hair or fur, female produce milk for their young</p>	<p align="center">Carnivores</p>  <p align="center">Omnivores</p>  <p align="center">Herbivores</p> 
<p>3. Definition of cold blooded:</p> <p>a) do not have a constant body temperature but instead take on the temperature of their environment.</p> <p>b) fish, reptiles, amphibians</p>	
<p>4. Definition of warm blooded:</p> <p>a) animals maintain a constant body temperature</p> <p>b) mammals, birds</p>	
<p>5. Diets of animals:</p> <p>a) Carnivore - an animal that feeds on other animals</p> <p>b) Herbivore: an animal that feeds on plants.</p> <p>c) Omnivore: an animal that eats a variety of food including both plants and animals</p>	
<p>6. Body and senses:</p> <p>a) Touch – hands</p> <p>b) Smell – nose</p> <p>c) Taste – mouth</p> <p>d) See – eyes</p> <p>e) Hear – ears</p>	
<p>Websites:</p> <p>https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/topics/z6882hv</p>	<p align="center">PARTS OF THE BODY</p> 